

Exemplo de ligação por interferência

$\phi_i := 10 \text{ mm}$	Diâmetro interno do eixo
$\phi := 20 \text{ mm}$	Diâmetro da ligação cubo eixo
$\phi_e := 50 \text{ mm}$	Diâmetro externo do cubo
$cc := 20 \text{ mm}$	Comprimento do cubo

Tabela de tolerâncias

$IT_{4_{20}} := 6 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$	$Em := 8 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$
$IT_{5_{20}} := 9 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$	$En := 15 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$
$IT_{6_{20}} := 13 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$	$Ep := 22 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$
$IT_{7_{20}} := 21 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$	$Er := 28 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$
$FH := 0 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$	$Es := 35 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$

Determinação de tolerâncias

$$\delta_{min} := (Er) - (FH + IT_{7_{20}}) = 7 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$$

$$\delta_{max} := (Er + IT_{6_{20}}) - FH = 41 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$$

Material do cubo

$$E_c := 70 \cdot \text{GPa}$$

$$\nu_c := .33$$

$$\alpha_c := 23 \frac{\mu\text{m}}{\text{m} \cdot \text{K}}$$

Material do eixo:

$$E_e := 210 \cdot \text{GPa}$$

$$\nu_e := .29$$

$$\alpha_e := 11 \frac{\mu\text{m}}{\text{m} \cdot \text{K}}$$

Pressão de contato cubo eixo

$$p(\delta) := \frac{\delta}{\frac{\phi}{E_c} \left(\frac{\phi_e^2 + \phi^2}{\phi_e^2 - \phi^2} + \nu_c \right) + \frac{\phi}{E_e} \left(\frac{\phi^2 + \phi_i^2}{\phi^2 - \phi_i^2} + \nu_e \right)}$$

$$p(\delta_{min}) = 10.367 \text{ MPa}$$

$$p(\delta_{max}) = 60.723 \text{ MPa}$$

Coefficiente de atrito

$$\mu := .51 \quad \text{Coeficiente de atrito est\u00e1tico}$$

For\u00e7a de fixa\u00e7\u00e3o Axial

$$Fa(\delta) := \pi \cdot \phi \cdot cc \cdot p(\delta) \cdot \mu \quad Fa(\delta_{min}) = 6.644 \text{ kN}$$

$$Fa(\delta_{max}) = 38.917 \text{ kN}$$

Torque transmitido

$$Ta(\delta) := \pi \cdot \frac{\phi^2}{2} \cdot cc \cdot p(\delta) \cdot \mu \quad Ta(\delta_{min}) = 66.4 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$Ta(\delta_{max}) = 389 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$

Montagem com diferen\u00e7a de temperatura

$$T_u := 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\Delta T := \frac{\delta_{max}}{\alpha_c \cdot \phi} = 89.13 \text{ K} \quad T_m := T_u + \Delta T = 114.13 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$$

Com diferen\u00e7a de material d\u00e1 para desmontar sem for\u00e7a

$$(T_d - T_u) \cdot (\alpha_c - \alpha_e) \cdot \phi = \delta_{max} \xrightarrow{\text{explicit solve, } T_d} \frac{\delta_{max} + \phi \cdot T_u \cdot (\alpha_c - \alpha_e)}{\phi \cdot (\alpha_c - \alpha_e)}$$

$$T_d := \frac{\delta_{max} + \phi \cdot T_u \cdot (\alpha_c - \alpha_e)}{\phi \cdot (\alpha_c - \alpha_e)} = 195.833 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$$

Com resfriamento do eixo:

$$T_e := -50 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\langle (T_c - T_u) \cdot \alpha_c + (T_u - T_e) \cdot \alpha_c \rangle \cdot \phi = \delta_{max} \xrightarrow[\text{solve, } T_c]{\text{explicit}} \frac{\delta_{max} + \phi \cdot T_e \cdot \alpha_c}{\phi \cdot \alpha_c}$$

$$T_c := \frac{\delta_{max} + \phi \cdot T_e \cdot \alpha_c}{\phi \cdot \alpha_c} = 39.13 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$